

Louis Riel



Thomas Scott



Gabriel Dumont



The Metis Rise Up

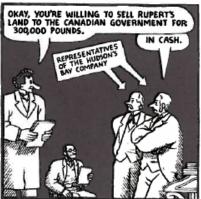
Sir John A. Macdonald

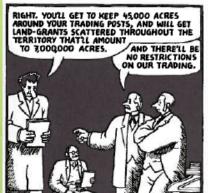
Phase 1 What you need to know.

- Canadian Surveyors entered the Red River Settlement
- The Red River Settlement was a Metis settlement
- The area was part of Rupert's Land
- The area was sold to the Canadian Government for £300,000 (roughly \$1.5 Million)
- The Metis were upset about this.
- Louis Riel was in charge of the Metis government since he was educated and spoke English

The Red River Resistance

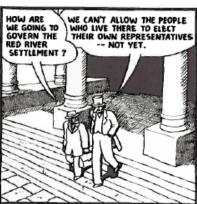




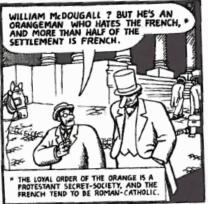




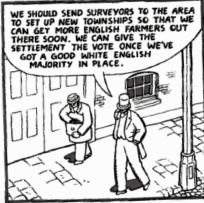




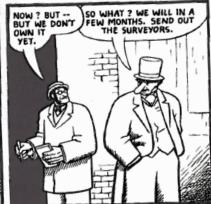


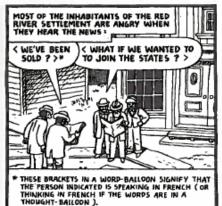










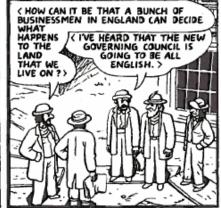




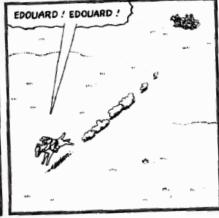


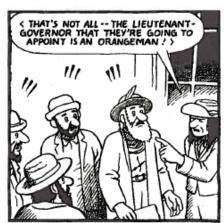






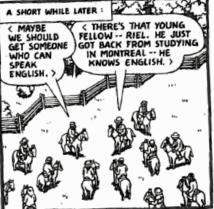
















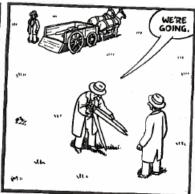






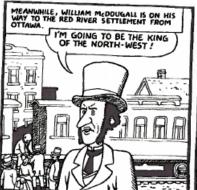












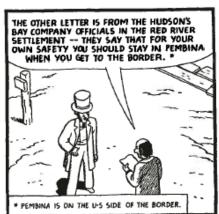










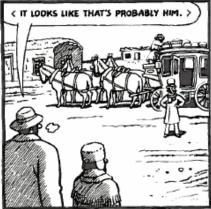












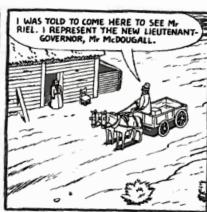


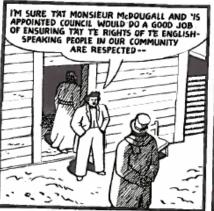


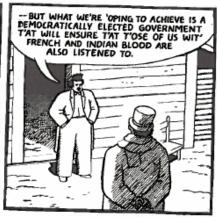


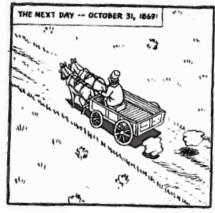




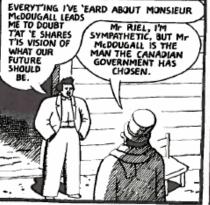


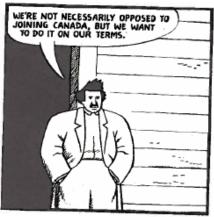




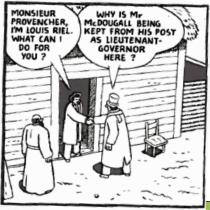


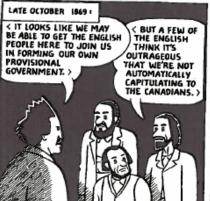




















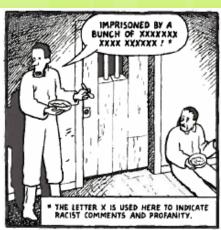


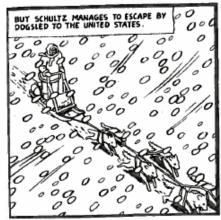
- The Metis were upset that they were not consulted when their land was sold to Canada.
- The Metis decided to resist by capturing Fort Garry and take it's people prisoner.
- Among those taken prisoner was Thomas Scott.

Phase 2 The Red River Resistance

- After taking Thomas Scott prisoner, Scott became rather belligerent towards the Metis.
- Louis Riel was faced with a dilemma.
- The Metis provisional government found Thomas Scott guilty of Treason and had him executed.
- Louis Riel didn't want to lose the support of the Metis, so he went along with the execution.
- This would eventually lead to the execution of Louis Riel. (Spoiler Alert)

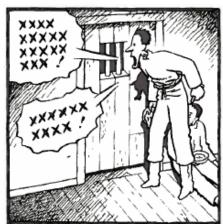




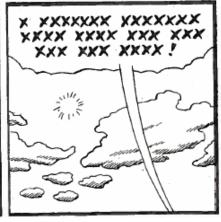










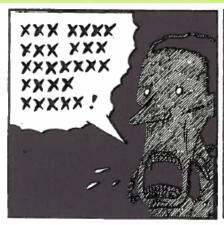


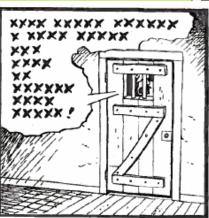










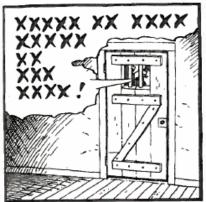




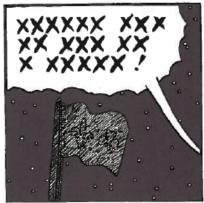


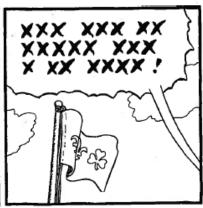
















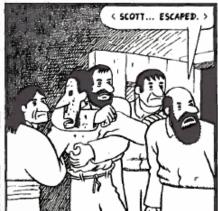






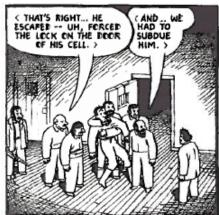










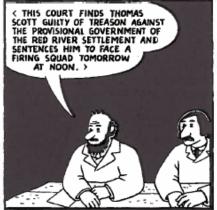






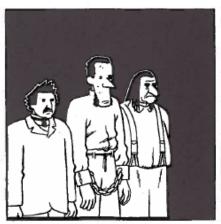




































- Thomas Scott was executed on the charges of Treason
- The Metis did this to set an example for the Government
- Since Louis Riel chose not to spare Thomas Scotts Life, he was wanted for Murder and High Treason. So Riel fled to the States

The Second Metis Uprising

- Started when Land Speculators were marketing the land for the Railway west
- In 1884, Gabriel Dumont went to seek the help of Louis Riel who had fled to Montana

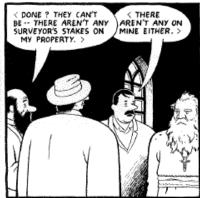


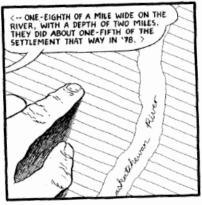




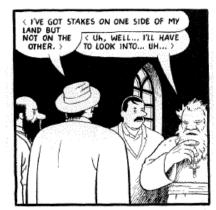






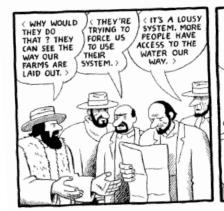


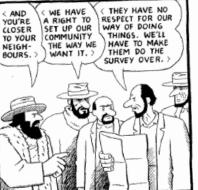


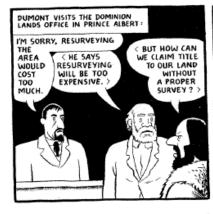




A SHORT WHILE LATER, GABRIEL DUMONT GETS









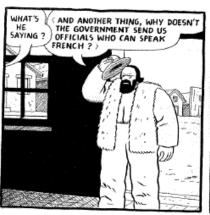






< IN THE OLD DAYS, IF WE WANTED TO SETTLE ON UNOCCUPIED LAND, WE'D JUST DO IT -- NO REGISTRATION FEE, NO PROVING TO GOVERN-MENT-INSPECTORS THAT WE'D FULFILLED ANY KIND OF "SETTLEMENT DUTIES", NO WAITING THREE YEARS FOR PATENT. >











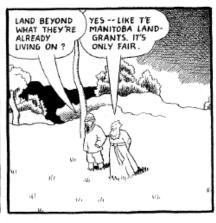










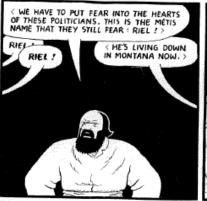
















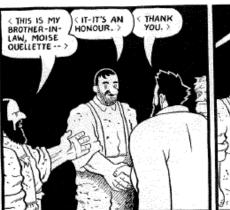






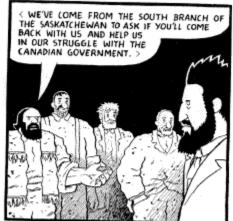








- Dumont successfully recruited Louis Riel to help fight the Canadian Government
- Riel would help Dumont set up a new provisional government.
- This triggered the Canadian Government to send in troops to Batoche to fight the Metis.
- "The Battle of Batoche"





The Fall Out from the Metis Uprising

- Louis Riel gave himself up to the Canadian Government in hopes of it ending the battle with Canada
- Though the main reason Louis Riel was executed for the Murder of Thomas Scott, he was officially tried for High Treason
- The Manitoba School Act was created which removed French as the official second language in Manitoba.
 - The Manitoba School Act also halted government funding for Catholic Schools.