U			neview
LESSO	ON		
1.1	1.	a)	Circle the numbers that are divisible by 4.
			312 1407 204 3441 640 763
		b)	How do you know if a number is divisible by 4?
	2.	a)	Circle the numbers that are divisible by 2 and by 3.
			606 330 501 2466 492 9342
		b)	What other number are the circled numbers in part a divisible by?
			How do you know?
1.2	3.		nich numbers below are divisible by 8? Divisible by 5? ow do you know?
		a)	244:
		b)	160:
		c)	315:
		d)	608:

- **4.** Use your answers from question 3 to help you list all the factors of each number.
 - a) 244:_____
 - b) 160: _____
 - c) 315:_____
 - d) 608: _____

5. Write an algebraic expression for each phrase. Use the variable n.

a) Three times a number:

b) Five less than a number:

c) Twenty divided by a number:

d) Seven more than four times a number:

6. Evaluate each expression for n = 5.

a) n + 7 =_____

b) 10 - n =_____

c) 2n + 3 =_____

1.4 7. a) Zadie climbed four sets of stairs every minute for the Charity Stair Climb Fundraiser. Complete this table. The pattern continues.

Time (minutes)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Sets of stairs climbed								

- b) How many sets of stairs will Zadie have climbed after 15 minutes? _____
- **8.** Write a relation for the pattern rule for each number pattern.

a) 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, ...

b) 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, . . .

1.5 **9.** Complete each table.

How is each Output number related to its Input number?

		•
a)	Input n	Output 3 <i>n</i> + 5
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	

Input n	Output 5 <i>n</i> + 3
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

) [Input n	Output 5 <i>n</i> – 3
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	

a)

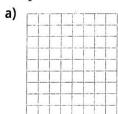
10. Use algebra. Write a relation for each table.

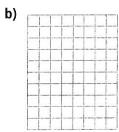
Input m	Output
1	9
2	11
3	13
4	15
5	17

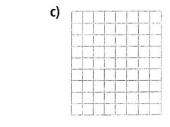
b)	Input m	Output
	1	9
	2	16
	3	23
	4	30
	, 5	37

c)	Input m	Output
8	1	5
	2	12
	3	19
	4	26
	5	33

1.6 11. Graph each relation in question 10.







1.7 **12.** Write an equation for each sentence.

Let *n* represent the number.

a) Four times a number is sixteen.

b) Eight subtracted from four times a number is sixteen.

c) Twelve more than four times a number is sixteen.

d) Thirty-two minus four times a number is sixteen.

13. Write an equation for each sentence. Let n represent the number.

a) Four less than a number is sixteen.

b) A number divided by five is ten.

c) Five more than three times a number is eleven.

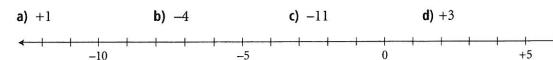
1.8 14. Robin walked twice around a lake, plus an extra 3 km.

Her pedometer showed that she had walked a total of 19 km.

Write then solve an equation to find how far it is around the lake.

LESSON

APK 1. Show each integer on the number line.



2. a) Place either < or > between the integers.

i) +1 ______-2

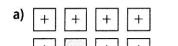
ii) -8 ____0

iii) -11 _____ -18

b) Order all the integers in part a from least to greatest.

_, ____, ____, ____, ____, ____

3. Write the integer modelled by each set of tiles.



b) + - + -

4. One way to model –2 is shown. Draw tiles to model –2 three more ways.

- + - - -



2.2 5. Use tiles to add.

a) (+6) + (-5) =

b) (-3) + (+2) =

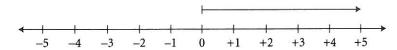
+ + + + + +

6. What type of integer do you get when you add two negative integers? Explain how you know.

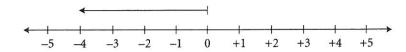
- 2.4 7. Use tiles to add or subtract.
 - a) (+3) (-2) =

b) (+5) + (-4) =

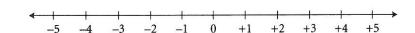
- + + +
- 2.5 8. Use a number line to add or subtract.
 - a) (+5) + (-8) =



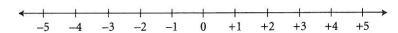
b) (-4) - (-7) =



c) (-4) + (+6) =_____



d) (-3) - (-7) =



- 9. Calculate each difference.
 - a) The temperature went from -7° C to $+8^{\circ}$ C.
 - **b)** The temperature went from $+20^{\circ}$ C to $+3^{\circ}$ C.

LESSON

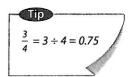
3.1 1. Write each fraction as a decimal. Identify each decimal as terminating or repeating.











2. Write each decimal as a fraction or mixed number.

- **a)** 0.6 ____ **b)** 0.75
- c) 2.5
- **d)** $0.\overline{7}$
- 3.2 3. Order the numbers from least to greatest. Use the number line.



From least to greatest:

4. Use equivalent fractions to order these numbers from greatest to least:

$$2\frac{1}{2}$$
, $1\frac{3}{8}$, $2\frac{3}{5}$, $1\frac{7}{10}$

From greatest to least:

5. Use place value to order these numbers from least to greatest:

$$1.3825, 1\frac{4}{5}, 1.236, 1\frac{1}{3}, 1.333, 1.810$$

From least to greatest:

Matthew bought a shirt for \$21.99, pants for \$36.78, and a belt for \$10.50. 3.3

What is the total amount for the purchases without sales tax?

Kerry has grown 2.1 cm since last September. She is now 165 cm tall.

How tall was Kerry last September?_____

Multiply. Use front-end estimation to place the decimal point in the answer. 3.4

a) $0.5 \times 0.7 =$ _____ b) $2.9 \times 0.8 =$ _____

- c) $3.5 \times 3.2 =$ _____ d) $1.4 \times 2.9 =$ _____
- Anne cycles 15.5 km each hour. She cycles for 3.25 h.

How far does Ann cycle? _____

10. Divide. Write each quotient to the nearest tenth where necessary.

a) $8.7 \div 0.6 =$

b) $5.7 \div 1.5 =$

c) $43.1 \div 2.1 =$ ____

d) $23.5 \div 4.8 =$

11. Amal bought 3.5 kg of bananas for \$2.42.

What was the cost of 1 kg of bananas? _____

Evaluate. 12.

a)
$$5.3 - 2.3 \times 2 =$$

a)
$$5.3 - 2.3 \times 2 =$$
 _____ b) $(67.2 + 12) \div 2.4 - 1.2 =$ ____

Tip The order of operations with decimals is the same as with whole numbers.

Write each fraction as a decimal and a percent.

a)
$$\frac{1}{2} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

a)
$$\frac{1}{2} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace$$

d)
$$\frac{3}{5} = \underline{\qquad} = \underline{\qquad}$$

Ivana got $\frac{21}{25}$ on her science test. 3.8 14.

She got 86% on her math test.

Which of her test marks is greater? Explain.

Ivana's _____ test mark is greater.

Find each percent. 15.

$$3\% = \frac{3}{100} = 0.03$$
 $24\% =$

$$0.03 \times 25 =$$

Sylvia is going to buy a new jacket. 16.

The regular price is \$68.00.

The jacket is on sale for 25% off.

There is 14% sales tax on the jacket.

How much will Sylvia pay for the jacket?

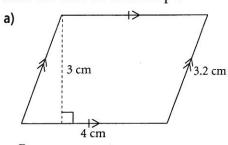
Sylvia will pay _____ for the jacket.

LESSON

- 4.1 1. This circle has its centre at point O.
 - a) Draw a radius of the circle.

 What is the length of the radius?
 - b) Draw a diameter of the circle.

 What is the length of the diameter? ______
- - c) Write a relationship between the radius, r, and the diameter, d, of a circle.
- 2. Billy plans to put some plastic edging around his circular fish pond. The diameter of the pond is 5 m. Find the amount of plastic edging that Billy will need.
- **3.** Find the area of each shape.



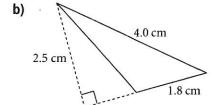
Base = _____

Height = _____

Area = base \times height

Area = ____ × ___ = ____

The area is ______.



The area is _____.

- 4.5 4. Estimate the area of each circle, then calculate the area to the nearest square unit.
 - a) radius of 4 mm

Estimate:

Area: _____

b) diameter of 10.1 m

Estimate:

Area: _____

4.6 4.7

5. Kelly and her friends plan to start a rock band.

They will play in their town and in the surrounding area.

The band has made this table to show its expenses as percents of what it will earn.

Expenses of Kelly and the Rockers

Type of Expense	Percent of budget	Each percent as an angle
Advertising	10%	
Clothes	20%	
Equipment	25%	
Food	15%	
Travel	30%	

- a) Complete the table.
- b) Draw and label a circle graph.
- c) The band estimates it will earn \$10 000 from its gigs.

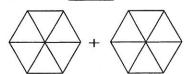
 How much money will the band spend on food? ______
- d) Which type of expense is one-half the amount spent on clothes? ______ How can you tell this:
 - i) from the table? _____
 - ii) from the graph? _____
- e) The band wants to spend \$5000 on equipment upgrades.

 How much will the band have to earn to be able to do this? ______
- f) Write a question you can answer from the graph.
- **g)** Answer your question.

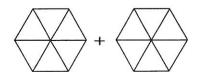
LESSON

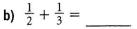
5.1 1. Colour each pair of Pattern Block shapes to help you to add the fractions.

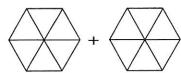
a)
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} =$$



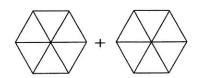
c)
$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} =$$





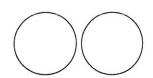


d)
$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2} =$$

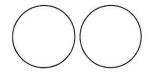


2. Use fraction circles to find each sum.

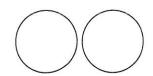
a)
$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}{10} =$$



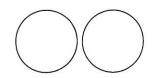
c)
$$\frac{5}{12} + \frac{3}{4} =$$



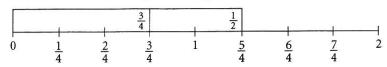
b)
$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{1}{4} =$$



d)
$$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{7}{12} =$$



3. Write the addition equation represented by the diagram.



5.2 4. Use fraction strips and number lines to add.

a)
$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} =$$

b)
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{10} =$$

a)
$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} =$$
 b) $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{10} =$ c) $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{11}{12} =$ d) $\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{5} =$ e) $\frac{7}{8} + \frac{1}{2} =$ f) $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4} =$

d)
$$\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{5} =$$

e)
$$\frac{7}{8} + \frac{1}{2} =$$

f)
$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4} =$$

- 5.3 **5.** Zach took $\frac{5}{12}$ of an hour to drive to work and $\frac{2}{3}$ of an hour to drive home.
 - a) Write the total time it took Zach to drive to and from work as a fraction of an hour.
 - b) Write the time in part a in minutes.
 - 6. Estimate, then add.

a)
$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{5}$$

Estimate:

Sum:

b)
$$\frac{5}{8} + \frac{1}{3}$$

Estimate: ___

Sum:

c)
$$\frac{5}{9} + \frac{1}{6}$$

Estimate:

Sum:

d)
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{7}$$

Estimate: ___

Sum:

e)
$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{5}$$

Estimate:

Sum:

f)
$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{5}{6}$$

Estimate:

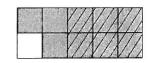
Sum:

5.4 7. Use each diagram to find the difference.

a)
$$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3} =$$

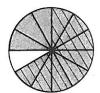
b)
$$\frac{9}{10} - \frac{3}{5} =$$

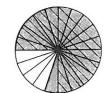




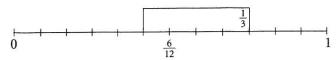
c)
$$\frac{11}{12} - \frac{2}{3} =$$

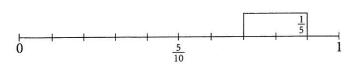
d)
$$\frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{4} =$$





- 8. Write the subtraction equation represented by each diagram.





- 5.5 9. Estimate, then subtract.
 - a) $\frac{7}{8} \frac{3}{4}$

Estimate:

Difference:

b) $\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{8}$

Estimate:

Difference:

c) $\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{12}$

Estimate:

Difference:

d) $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{9}$

Estimate:

Difference:

10. Add.

a)
$$3\frac{7}{8} + 1\frac{5}{8} =$$
 b) $2\frac{2}{3} + 4\frac{5}{12} =$

b)
$$2\frac{2}{3} + 4\frac{5}{12} =$$

11. On Sunday, Maya studied $1\frac{1}{4}$ h for her math exam.

On Monday she studied $1\frac{2}{3}$ h.

What is the total time Maya studied?

5.7 **12.** Subtract.

a)
$$5\frac{11}{12} - 1\frac{7}{12} =$$
 _____ b) $2\frac{5}{7} - 1\frac{3}{14} =$ _____

b)
$$2\frac{5}{7} - 1\frac{3}{14} =$$

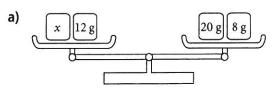
13. Leigh has $4\frac{1}{2}$ m of ribbon.

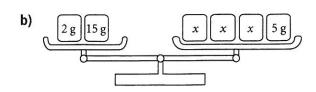
He uses $1\frac{3}{4}$ m to wrap a present and $\frac{1}{3}$ m to make a bow.

How much ribbon is left?

LESSON

- 1. Write an equation you can use to solve each problem. Solve each equation by inspection or systematic trial.
 - a) Gabrielle wants to buy a new snowboard that costs \$300.She has \$180 in her bank account.How much more must Gabrielle save so she can buy the snowboard?
 - b) Freddy bought a new music player for \$250.He then had \$380 left in his bank account.How much was in Freddy's account before he bought the player?
 - c) Emily helps clean a local yoga studio. She earns \$8 per hour. Last month Emily got a \$10 bonus. Her total earnings were \$170. How many hours did Emily work?
- **2.** Write an equation that is represented by each balance scales. Solve the equation. Sketch the steps.





- **3.** Solve each equation using algebra tiles. Sketch the tiles you used. Verify each solution.
- a) x + 8 = 5 b) 6 = x 3 c) -3 = x + 7 d) x 2 = -5
- **4.** Overnight, the temperature dropped by 15° C to -10° C.
 - a) Write an equation you can solve to find the temperature before it dropped.
 - b) Use tiles to solve the equation.
- **5.** Solve each equation using algebra. Verify each solution.
 - a) 4n = 64
- **b)** 2p + 15 = 21 **c)** 5r 4 = 26
- d) 60 = q + 15
- **6.** Dylan starts with \$40. He saves \$12 a week. After how many weeks will Dylan have each amount?
 - a) \$100 _____
- **b)** \$136 _____
- **7.** Write an equation for each problem. Solve the equation. Verify each answer.
 - a) A number increased by 7 is 22. What is the number?
 - b) William arranges a number of stamps into 5 groups. There are 12 stamps in each group. How many stamps did William start with?
 - c) Six less than a number is 25. What is the number?
 - d) A rectangle has a perimeter of 38 cm. The base is 7 cm. Sketch and label the rectangle. What is its height?

LESSO	N	
7.1	1.	Calculate the mean and mode of each set of data. a) The weekly allowances of ten students: \$20, \$25, \$15, \$20, \$10, \$20, \$30, \$10, \$20, \$0
		Mean: Mode:
		b) Students' scores on a spelling quiz marked out of 10: 5, 8, 8, 4, 6, 3, 10, 10, 4, 6, 7, 9, 7, 9, 9
		Mean: Mode:
7.2	2.	Arrange the data in each set in order, then calculate the median and the range. a) The heights, in centimetres, of eleven 12-year-olds: 160, 155, 162, 152, 161, 154, 153, 160, 158, 155, 159
		From least to greatest:
		Median: Range:
		b) The hours that ten grade 7 students exercised in one week: 5, 7, 18, 5, 13, 9, 4, 12, 7, 20
		From least to greatest:
		Median: Range:
7.3	3.	These data show the daily temperatures, in degrees Celsius, for two weeks in the summer in Nelson, B.C.: 23, 25, 22, 25, 28, 24, 25, 24, 25, 52, 24, 20, 22 a) Find the mean, median, mode, and range for these data.
		Mean: Median: Mode: Range:
		b) Identify the outlier
		Why do you think the outlier is so much greater than the other temperatures?

c) Calculate the mean, median, mode, and range without the outlier. Mean: Median: Mode: Range: Explain 4. The times, in minutes, that 10 students spent walking home from school one day are: 20, 16, 10, 12, 22, 65, 8, 12, 18, 7 a) Calculate the mean, mode, and median times for these data. Mean: Mode: Median: b) Identify the outlier c) Calculate the mean, mode, and median without the outlier. Mean: Mode: Median: d) Which average best describes the data? Explain. 7.4 5. Cary scored these points in his last six basketball games: 5, 8, 10, 7, 15, 15 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if Cary is a valuable player? Explain.	LESSON)				
d) When reporting the average daily temperature, should the outlier be included? Explain		c)	Calculate the mean,	, median, mode, and	range without the	outlier.
Explain			Mean:	Median:	Mode:	Range:
 4. The times, in minutes, that 10 students spent walking home from school one day are: 20, 16, 10, 12, 22, 65, 8, 12, 18, 7 a) Calculate the mean, mode, and median times for these data. Mean: Mode: Median: b) Identify the outlier c) Calculate the mean, mode, and median without the outlier. Mean: Mode: Median: d) Which average best describes the data? Explain. 7.4 5. Cary scored these points in his last six basketball games: 5, 8, 10, 7, 15, 15 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if 		d)	When reporting the	average daily temper	rature, should the o	outlier be included?
from school one day are: 20, 16, 10, 12, 22, 65, 8, 12, 18, 7 a) Calculate the mean, mode, and median times for these data. Mean: Mode: Median: b) Identify the outlier c) Calculate the mean, mode, and median without the outlier. Mean: Mode: Median: d) Which average best describes the data? Explain. 7.4 5. Cary scored these points in his last six basketball games: 5, 8, 10, 7, 15, 15 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if			Explain.			
b) Identify the outlier c) Calculate the mean, mode, and median without the outlier. Mean: Mode: Median: d) Which average best describes the data? Explain. 7.4 5. Cary scored these points in his last six basketball games: 5, 8, 10, 7, 15, 15 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if		fr 20	om school one day ar 0, 16, 10, 12, 22, 65, 8	re: , 12, 18, 7		
c) Calculate the mean, mode, and median without the outlier. Mean: Mode: Median: d) Which average best describes the data? Explain. 7.4 5. Cary scored these points in his last six basketball games: 5, 8, 10, 7, 15, 15 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if			Mean:	Mode:	Median:	n Addition
Mean: Mode: Median: d) Which average best describes the data? Explain. 7.4 5. Cary scored these points in his last six basketball games: 5, 8, 10, 7, 15, 15 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if		b)	Identify the outlier.			
 d) Which average best describes the data? Explain. 7.4 5. Cary scored these points in his last six basketball games: 5, 8, 10, 7, 15, 15 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if 		c)	Calculate the mean,	mode, and median v	vithout the outlier.	
7.4 5. Cary scored these points in his last six basketball games: 5, 8, 10, 7, 15, 15 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if			Mean:	Mode:	Media	nn:
7.4 5. Cary scored these points in his last six basketball games: 5, 8, 10, 7, 15, 15 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if		d)	Which average best	describes the data? E	xplain.	
 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if 						
 a) Find the mean, median, and mode scores. Mean: Median: Mode: b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain. c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if 					2	
b) Which measure of central tendency is Cary likely to use to persuade his coach that he is a valuable player? Explain.c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if	7.4 5.					0, 7, 15, 15
c) Which measure is the coach likely to use to help her decide if			Mean:	Median:	Mode:	-
• • •		b)				persuade
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			24.1.1			y y de agreement of the second
		c)		•	to help her decide	if

7.5 **6.** A basket of fruit contains 4 apples, 5 bananas, 6 oranges, and 10 kiwi fruits. A piece of fruit is chosen at random. Find the probability of each event. Write each probability 3 ways.

a) An orange is picked.

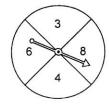
b) An apple or a banana is picked.

c) A grape is picked.

7.6 7. Fran designs a game called *Product 24*. She makes this spinner:

The pointer is spun twice.

To win this game, the pointer must land on two numbers with a product of 24.



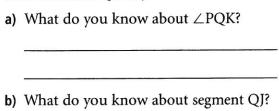
a) Complete the tree diagram to show all possible outcomes for this game.

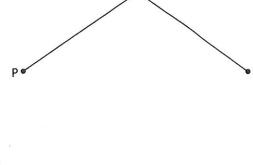
1st Spin 2nd Spin Outcomes

- b) What is the total number of outcomes? _____
- c) How many favourable outcomes are there?
- d) What is the probability of winning Fran's game?

LESSO	N	
8.1	1.	Draw line segment FG.
8.2		a) Draw a parallel line segment. Label it HJ.
		Explain your strategy for drawing the parallel segment.
		b) Draw the perpendicular bisector of HJ. Label it KM.
		Explain your strategy for drawing the perpendicular segment.

- **2.** $\angle PQR$ is an obtuse angle. 8.4
- Draw the bisector of $\angle PQR$. Label it KQ. Draw the perpendicular bisector of QR. Label it MN. MN intersects QR at J.





N															
3.	Use the diagram at the right.									6	'	•B			
	a) The coordinates of D are							С		4					
	b) The coordinates of F are									2					
	c) Point has coordinates (2, 6).					-6	-			0		2	A 4	6	x
	d) The coordinates of the origin are	.•)	20 I	3				
	e) Point has y-coordinate 0.									4				•F	_
	f) Point has x-coordinate 0.				Į										
	g) Point is in Quadrant 2.														
4.	 A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form ΔABC. On the same grid, draw the image of ΔABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image ΔA'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of ΔA'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis 	·di	-8			-4			y 6 4 2 0 -2 4 -6 -8	2			6	8 8	
	A"B"C". c) A rotation of –90° about the origin Label the image ΔΑ"'B"'C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of ΔΑ"'B"'C". A"'B"'C".										Tir A cla rota show nega	ockw tion wn b ative	vise is ny a	ile	
	3.	 a) Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point has x-coordinate 0. g) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image △A''B"C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A''B''C''. c) A rotation of -90° about the origin Label the image △A'''B"'C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''. 	 a) Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point has x-coordinate 0. g) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image △A''B''C''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A''B''C''. c) A rotation of -90° about the origin Label the image △A'''B'''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''. 	 a) Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point has x-coordinate 0. g) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image △A''B''C''. Write the coordinate A" B" C" c) A rotation of -90° about the origin Label the image △A'''B'''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''. 	 a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image △A'B'B'C''. Write the coordinates of A" B" C" c) A rotation of -90° about the origin Label the image △A''B"C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A''B''C'''. 	a) Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point has x-coordinate 0. g) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, −2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image △A'B''C''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A''B''C''. c) A rotation of −90° about the origin Label the image △A'''B'''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''.	a) Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point has x-coordinate 0. g) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, −2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image △A''B''C''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A''B''C''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''.	a) Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image △A'B'C''. Write the coordinates of the vert A" B" C" c) A rotation of −90° about the origin Label the image △A'''B'''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''.	a) Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image △A'B''C''. Write the coordinates of the vertice A'' B'' C'' c) A rotation of −90° about the origin Label the image △A'''B'''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'''B'''C'''.	a) Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form ΔABC. On the same grid, draw the image of ΔABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image ΔA'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of ΔA'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image ΔA"B"C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of A" B" C" c) A rotation of -90° about the origin Label the image ΔA"B"C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of ΔA"B"C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of ΔA"B"C".	a) Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point has x-coordinate 0. g) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, −2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'B''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'B''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'B''C'''.	a) Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point has x-coordinate 0. g) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image △A'B'C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. A' B' C' c) A rotation of −90° about the origin Label the image △A'"B"C"'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B''C''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B''C''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A''B''C''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A''B''C'''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A''B''C'''.	3. Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form △ABC. On the same grid, draw the image of △ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image △A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image △A'B'C''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A'B'C' A'' B'' C'' c) A rotation of -90° about the origin Label the image △A''B''C''. Write the coordinates of the vertices of △A''B''C''.	3. Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point has x-coordinate 0. g) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form \(\triangle ABC\). On the same grid, draw the image of \(\triangle ABC\) after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image \(\triangle A'B'C'\). Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\triangle AA'B'C'\). A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image \(\triangle A''B''C''\). Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\triangle A''B''C''\). A' B'' C'' c) A rotation of -90° about the origin Label the image \(\triangle A'''B'''C''\). Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\triangle A'''B'''C''\). Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\triangle A'''B'''C''\). Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\triangle A'''B'''C''\). Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\triangle A'''B'''C''\). Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\triangle A''''B'''C'''\). Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\triangle A'''''''\). Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\triangle A'''''''\). Plot these points on the origin and the vertices of \(\triangle A''''''''\). A' B'' C'''	3. Use the diagram at the right. a) The coordinates of D are b) The coordinates of F are c) Point has coordinates (2, 6). d) The coordinates of the origin are e) Point has y-coordinate 0. f) Point has x-coordinate 0. g) Point is in Quadrant 2. 4. Plot these points on the coordinate grid: A(0, 4), B(6, 5), and C(7, -2). Join the points to form \(\Delta\) BC. On the same grid, draw the image of \(\Delta\) ABC after each transformation. a) A translation 9 units left and 7 units down Label the image \(\Delta\) A'B'C'. Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\Delta\) A'B'C'. A' B' C' b) A reflection in the y-axis Label the image \(\Delta\) A"B"C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\Delta\) A"B"C". C' c) A rotation of -90° about the origin Label the image \(\Delta\) A"B"C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\Delta\) A"B"C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\Delta\) A"B"C". Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\Delta\) A"B"C". A" B" C' Write the coordinates of the vertices of \(\Delta\) A"B"C". A'' B"C".